Department of Veterans Affairs

BASIC ENTITLEMENT REQUIREMENTS

§ 21.8020 Entitlement to vocational training and employment assist-

- (a) Basic entitlement requirements. Under this subpart, for an eligible child to receive vocational training, employment assistance, and related rehabilitation services and assistance to achieve a vocational goal (to include employment), the following requirements must be met:
- (1) A CP or VRC must determine that achievement of a vocational goal by the child is reasonably feasible; and
- (2) The child and VR&E staff members must work together to develop and then agree to an individualized written plan of vocational rehabilitation identifying the vocational goal and the means to achieve this goal.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804(b), 1814)

- (b) Services and assistance. An eligible child may receive the services and assistance described in §21.8050(a). The following sections in subpart A of this part apply to the provision of these services and assistance in a manner comparable to their application for a veteran under the 38 U.S.C. chapter 31 program:
 - (1) Section 21.250(a) and (b)(2);
 - (2) Section 21.252;
 - (3) Section 21.254:
- (4) Section 21.256 (not including paragraph (e)(2));
 - (5) Section 21.257; and
 - (6) Section 21.258.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804, 1814)

- (c) Requirements to receive employment services and assistance. VA will provide employment services and assistance under paragraph (b) of this section only if the eligible child:
- (1) Has achieved a vocational objective;
- (2) Has voluntarily ceased vocational training under this subpart, but the case manager finds the child has attained sufficient skills to be employable; or
- (3) VA determines during evaluation that the child already has the skills necessary for suitable employment and does not need additional training, but to secure suitable employment the child does need the employment assist-

ance that paragraph (b) of this section describes.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804, 1814)

(d) Additional employment services and assistance. If an eligible child has received employment assistance and obtains a suitable job, but VA later finds the child needs additional employment services and assistance, VA may provide the child with these services and assistance if, and to the extent, the child has remaining program entitlement.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804, 1814)

- (e) Program entitlement usage—(1) Basic entitlement period. An eligible child will be entitled to receive 24 months of full-time training, services, and assistance (including employment assistance) or the part-time equivalent, as part of a vocational training program.
- (2) Extension of basic entitlement period. VA may extend the basic 24-month entitlement period, not to exceed another 24 months of full-time program participation, or the part-time equivalent, if VA determines that:
- (i) The extension is necessary for the child to achieve a vocational goal identified before the end of the basic 24-month entitlement period; and
- (ii) The child can achieve the vocational goal within the extended period.
- (3) Principles for charging entitlement. VA will charge entitlement usage for training, services, or assistance (but not the initial evaluation, as described in §21.8032) furnished to an eligible child under this subpart on the same basis as VA would charge for similar training, services, or assistance furnished a veteran in a vocational rehabilitation program under 38 U.S.C. chapter 31. VA may charge entitlement at a half-time, three-quarter-time, or full-time rate based upon the child's training time using the rate-of-pursuit criteria in §21.8310. The provisions concerning reduced work tolerance under §21.312, and those relating to less-thanhalf-time training under §21.314, do not apply under this subpart.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1804, 1814)